

# Vocabulary Activity 10-1

## Taking in and Storing Information

Directions: Match each description in Column A with the correct term in Column B. Write the correct letters in the blanks to the left of the numbers.

### Column A

- \_\_\_\_ 1. the briefest of memories that occurs immediately following the reception of a stimulus
- \_\_\_\_ 2. the memory process of transforming information so that the nervous system can process it
- \_\_\_\_ 3. knowledge of language and grammar
- \_\_\_\_ 4. the memory process by which information is maintained over a period of time
- \_\_\_\_ 5. the conscious recall of information when you need to use it
- \_\_\_\_ 6. the process of grouping items together so that they are easier to remember
- \_\_\_\_ 7. the storage and retrieval of information that has been learned or experienced
- \_\_\_\_ 8. the type of memory that is limited to about seven items
- \_\_\_\_ 9. learned skills that you do not have to consciously recall in order to use
- \_\_\_\_ 10. memory of events of your life including when the events occurred
- \_\_\_\_ 11. the memory process that involves obtaining information that has been previously stored
- \_\_\_\_ 12. repeating information to yourself so that it will remain in your memory longer

### Column B

- A. chunking
- B. declarative memory
- C. encoding
- D. episodic memory
- E. maintenance rehearsal
- F. memory
- G. procedural memory
- H. retrieval
- I. semantic memory
- J. sensory memory
- K. short-term memory
- L. storage

Directions: Answer the following questions in the space provided.

13. What are the three processes of memory?

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14. What are the three stages of memory?

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