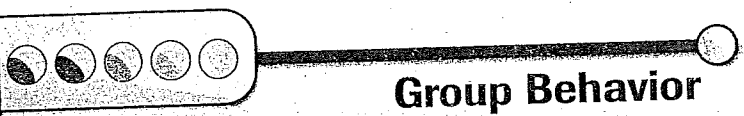


# Vocabulary Activity 19-1



## Group Behavior

Directions: Use the clues below to find the hidden words.

P O L A R I Z A T I O N I  
 D Q L G Y H A O N Z O J O  
 Z C R R S O B H S I K W P  
 L G M O O B I N T Q M D N  
 I S D U C B O A C I C X M  
 P Q J P I D T I N U E E E  
 J V M T A I D E O L O G Y  
 W L I H L K T V R C E G A  
 S O C I O G R A M B F W I  
 N O C N F D V V S K M N Z  
 Z A Y K B K B C I K O X K  
 F B C X D I H J F H R X X

**CLUES**

1. A(n) \_\_\_\_\_ is a collection of people who have shared goals, a degree of interdependence, and some amount of communication.
2. Groups serve a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ function when their activities are directed toward getting a job done.
3. Groups serve a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ function when they work toward satisfying the emotional needs of members.
4. The \_\_\_\_\_ of a group are its shared standards of behavior accepted by and expected of group members.
5. A group's \_\_\_\_\_ is a set of principles, attitudes, and defined objectives for which the group stands.
6. A person's performance is better in front of a crowd due to social \_\_\_\_\_.
7. Some people experience social \_\_\_\_\_ in which their performance declines when in front of a crowd.
8. Group \_\_\_\_\_ describes the theory that a group's discussion reinforces the majority view and moves the group members' opinions to a more extreme position.
9. Poor group decision making may result from \_\_\_\_\_ in which the group emphasizes unity over critical thinking.
10. A(n) \_\_\_\_\_ represents the relationships within a group, especially the likes and dislikes of members for other members.

Directions: Answer the following questions in the space provided.

11. What is the difference between a group's norms and ideology?

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