Name Date Class	
Livate Class	

Content Vocabulary Activity 17

The Vietnam War, 1954-1975

DIRECTIONS: Match each description in the left column with the correct content vocabulary word or term to identify in the right column. Write the letter of the correct term in the space provided. Then answer the questions at the bottom of the page.

and the first firs		
a jellied gasoline used for bombs	A.	Vietcong
*	В.	dove
	C.	guerrilla
someone who believed the United States should continue its military efforts in Vietnam	D.	linkage
lack of trust or believability	E.	domino theory
policy of improving relations with China and the	F.	napalm
Soviet Union to persuade them to cut back aid to	G.	teach-in
	H.	Vietnamization
	l.	credibility gap
	· J.	hawk
the process of slowly withdrawing American troops from South Vietnam as the South Vietnamese assumed more of their own war effort		
guerrilla soldiers of the Communist faction in Vietnam; also known as the National Liberation Front		
an extended meeting or class held to discuss a social or political issue		
e the provisions of the War Powers Act.		
		*
y contrast the leadership of Ho Chi Minh and Ngo Di	nh D	iem in Vietnam.
	a jellied gasoline used for bombs armed band that carries out surprise attacks and sabotage rather than open warfare someone who believed the United States should continue its military efforts in Vietnam lack of trust or believability policy of improving relations with China and the Soviet Union to persuade them to cut back aid to Vietnam the belief that if one nation in Asia fell to Communists, neighboring countries would follow a person in favor of the United States withdraw- ing from the Vietnam War the process of slowly withdrawing American troops from South Vietnam as the South Vietnamese assumed more of their own war effort guerrilla soldiers of the Communist faction in Vietnam; also known as the National Liberation Front an extended meeting or class held to discuss a social or political issue the provisions of the War Powers Act.	a jellied gasoline used for bombs armed band that carries out surprise attacks and sabotage rather than open warfare c. someone who believed the United States should continue its military efforts in Vietnam lack of trust or believability policy of improving relations with China and the Soviet Union to persuade them to cut back aid to Vietnam the belief that if one nation in Asia fell to Communists, neighboring countries would follow a person in favor of the United States withdrawing from the Vietnam War the process of slowly withdrawing American troops from South Vietnam as the South Vietnamese assumed more of their own war effort guerrilla soldiers of the Communist faction in Vietnam; also known as the National Liberation Front an extended meeting or class held to discuss a social or political issue